



វេទិកាសម្រាប់ការចូលរួមរបស់សង្គមស៊ីវិល
The NGO Forum on Cambodia

ធ្វើការរួមគ្នាដើម្បីការវិវឌ្ឍស្មើគ្នា
Working Together for Positive Change



LEADING STORIES

Quarterly Member Meeting



The NGO Forum (NGOF) on Cambodia's quarterly member meeting was held on February 13, 2018 at Phnom Penh Ecumenical Diakonia Centre (PPEDC/ICF). There were 129 participants (female 37) represented to NGO members of NGOF in Cambodia. There were 3 main objectives shared and discussed which were: 1. Updated on Significant Progress Report of the NGO FORUM in the last quarter (Dec 2017-Feb 2018). 2. Updated on the draft law of food safety and election of management committee member of the NGO FORUM on Cambodia; and 3. Updated and Debated on Indigenous People in Cambodia.

land disputes were accepted for discussion at the first commission of the National Assembly of Cambodia, (3) the NGOF represented civil society at the quarterly technical working group meeting organized by the Ministry of Economy and Finance, (4) the civil society groups were facilitated to discuss and comment on the draft code of environmental impact assessment, (5) all stakeholders agreed to continue addressing the remaining issues of Lower Sesan Dam, (6) facilitate the bi-monthly meeting of eight networks to discuss on some challenges and develop advocacy strategies, (8) submitting to the ASEAN summit to demand for supporting to the smallholder farmers, (9) the NGOF, representing its members, attended weekly meeting with embassies to discuss on Cambodian challenges, (10) facilitated civil society organizations to have quarterly meeting with Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction, and (11) the issues of indigenous peoples' rights, land disputes, and other traditional practices had been discussed with the Ministry of Rural Development.



Dr. Tek Vannara, NGOF's executive director updated the quarterly progresses of NGOF to participants as followings (1) civil society's concerns on hydropower construction had been accepted by the Mekong River Commission, (2) civil society's concerns on forced evictions, human rights issues, and



Mrs. Luy Rasmey, chair of meeting, management committee member of the NGOF on Cambodia, executive director of CEPA updated about the progress of NGOF on CSO's inputs to the draft environment

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and natural resources code, the delay of the draft on agriculture land law (delayed by the government) and CSO's inputs on fishery law amendment, the increasing of RGC's budget allocation according to the priority sectors suggested by CSOs, the government agreed that residents living in the Sesan 2 dam would continue to live normally, finalization of NGOF 6 years strategic plan, 3 years action plan, and operational plan.

Mr. Hak Piseth, Deputy Director Agro-Industry Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry presented on the updating on the drafting of the law. He concerned on farmers still had little knowledge about the impact of the use of agricultural pesticides on agricultural prod-

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ucts. Manufacturers and sellers did not take into account the health of consumers because they used a substance that maintains color and quality, which affects long-term health. These were reasons of drafting the law. In this law required high quality producers to ensure the quality of good products did not affect health. This law was conducted in accordance with the policy of producing rice and exporting milled rice with technical support from US-AID experts. The draft law would provide

consultations with agricultural producers and other stakeholders in the near future.

Mr. Ly Van Then, Deputy Chief of Indigenous office, Ministry of Culture and Fine Art, presented that there are 23 Indigenous Peoples (IP) in Cambodia living almost everywhere in Kratie, Steung Treng, Ratanakiri, Kampong Speu, and Preah Vihear. The Ministry had set up a place, found human resources with skilled, social skills to create jobs for them, such as catapults and creating eco-tourism sites. As Tampuan's IP community had prepared the home of the bride and the groom



at Yeak Laom Lake to attract tourism. They also had different home styles. In addition, they had indigenous musical instruments and indigenous music which attracted tourists. Individual IP community may lose their traditional costumes in the future, and the Ministry of Culture and Fine Arts had been preparing for the future of promoting indigenous cultures and identities.

At the closing of the meeting, Mrs. Luy Rasmei thanked the honorable guest speakers and participants for sharing the knowledge and experience related to the topics proposed at the meeting responding to objectives and expected results. The NGO Forum on Cambodia would continue to work with the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries to draft a Law on Quality and Safety of Agricultural Products. In addition, we would continue to work with the Ministry of Rural Development to protect land and natural resources for Indigenous Peoples.

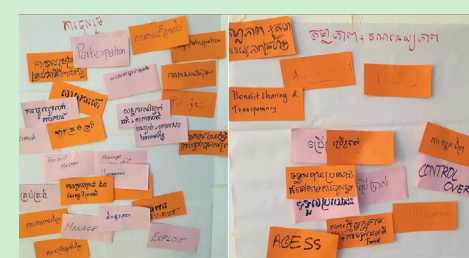
Non-State Actor Workshop on National Validation Workshop on Forest Governance Assessment and Situational Analysis



The Mekong region is home to an estimated 85 million forest-dependent people, of whom more than a third are indigenous peoples. Overall, an estimated 30% of the rural population in the region is living in poverty. Forest loss averaged 4.9% between 1990 and 2015, with forest communities in the Mekong region facing many challenges in ensuring that they can make a sustainable living from the forest landscapes.

In Cambodia, the extent and quality of forest has declined in the recent decades due to logging, forest fires, land-grabbing, encroachment and intensified shifting cultivation. The 73% percent of the total land area forest in 1960s decreased to 61% in 2002 and continued to 49% in 2014. Cambodia's forests constituted Protected Area under jurisdiction of Ministry of Environment (MoE) and production forest under jurisdiction of Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery (MAFF). A number of policies, laws and regulation were developed for governing and managing forest in the country. These include forest policies (2000), Land Law (2001), forestry law (2002), Protected Area Law (2008), various sub-decree and Prakas (CF sub-decree, CPA guideline, Economic Land Concession sub-decree, Social land concession sub-decree etc.), National Forest Program 2010-2030, National Protected Area System Strategic

Management Framework (2014), National REDD+ Strategy (2017). In addition, there are also ongoing processes to develop new and improve existing forest sector related policies. Development of Environment and Natural Resource Code, Amendment of Forestry and Protected Area Law, formulation of Production forest strategy, are among ongoing process that aim to enhance forest policies in Cambodia responding to emerging issues and challenges today.



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There are many initiatives trying to support the efforts of local forest communities, while at the same time trying to address illegal logging, deforestation and forest degradation, rural poverty, and protecting biodiversity. At the heart of these efforts is governance. Without strong governance, built on foundations that include effective participation, transparency and accountability, these efforts are proven time and again to fail. Civil society plays a fundamental role in strengthening forest governance. In recognition of this, the European Union is supporting the project 'Strengthening NSAs' voices for improved forest governance in the Mekong region' also known as Voice for Mekong Forest (V4MF). The project is implemented by RECOFTC, WWF-GMS, and national partners in five Mekong countries in which Cambodia is one of them (Cambodia, Lao, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam). In Cambodia, NGO Forum on Cambodia is the national partner responsible for in-country implementation with technical support from RECOFTC and WWF-GMS.

V4MF will be implemented for five years 2017-2021 and now is in its baseline phase of assessing forest governance situation that will provide opportunity for project to understand the current state of forest governance in Cambodia. This will enable project to identify and design effective intervention for improving forest governance in the course of its implementation as well

as contribute to achieving its objective on empowered and networked NSAs in three transboundary landscapes assess, monitor and respond appropriately to strengthen forest governance, particularly in FLEGT-VPA and REDD+, and effectively engage in policy processes.

On 12th January 2018, Tonle Bassac 2 restaurant, Phnom Penh, Cambodia, Mr. Ear Chong, Land and Forest Program Manager of NGO Forum gave introduction of workshop objectives, methodology and details program agenda. The workshop was taken a full day from 08:00 am to 05:00 pm which supposed to have full participation of all respective guests to join hand in assessing the situation of forest governance and provides input/comments for improvement. Mr. Chong then has encouraged participants to introduce themselves to getting know each other as all of them need to work in group to assess and scoring on each pillar of forest governance.

To give the context of the workshop, First and foremost, the workshop was opening by Mr. Thibault, Regional Forest Coordinator of WWF. Thanks present of respective participants from CSOs, community and private sector, he provided the introduction of project overview including project objective, target areas transboundary landscapes and key activities. Mr. Thibault then stated that project will develop forest governance monitoring system which is come up in pos-



itive way to recover and improve the situation, and finding appropriate resolution. Plus, this workshop would assume to have input and feedback from all participants to assess forest governance situation in Cambodia and its result won't be publish at all, Mr. Thibault's said.

Mr. Tol Sokchea, Training Coordinator of RECOFTC-Cambodia has shared V4MF a activities and status in Cambodia. The presentation focused on implementing partners in Cambodia (NGO Forum, WWF, and RECOFTC) and target area in Eastern Plains Landscapes located in Mondulkiri Province, and implementation progress for year one (baseline phase on inception, forest governance situational analysis, and capacity development needs assessment for NSA).

At the end of workshop, the facilitator confirmed that the result of this consultation will be sharing to all participants/institutions that contributed their times and input/experiences to this assessment.

Training Workshop Reviewing EIA Report and Monitoring on EI and ELCs Projects



Development Partnership in Action (DPA), The NGO Forum on Cambodia (NGOF) and Oxfam in Cambodia co-organized two days training on Reviewing EIA Report and Monitoring on EI and ELCs Projects to CSO members on 26-28 February 2018 at Himawari Hotel. There are 60 participants comprising three network members: EISEI/DPA, IPFN and LAHRiN. The training objectived for:

1. provided overall concept of EIA process and in-depth knowledge and skill on review-

ing EIA reports, and follow-up.

2. provided the checklist for reviewing EIA report, its process and reporting for MoE.
3. provided the checklist for the monitoring, auditing and compliance of an approved EIA projects,
4. provided tools and techniques for advancing knowledge and skills in relation to reviewing EIA report, monitoring, auditing and compliance.



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HIGHLIGHT STORIES

CSO/NGO perspective on the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Cambodia Sustainable Development Goals



On January 15, 2018, Dr. TEK Vannara, Executive Director of The NGO Forum on Cambodia participate and present on CSO/NGO perspective on the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Cambodia Sustainable Development Goals (CSDG) on opportunity and challenges during workshop on United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF) for 2019-2023 Strategic Prioritization which held on January 15-16, 2018 at Cambodiana Hotel and organized by The United Nations (UN) in Cambodia.

This Workshop has main objectives:

1. Review major national development challenges and the comparative advantages of the UN system in Cambodia.
2. Agree on the UNDAF strategic priority areas and draft strategic priority area statement which will later be translated into tangible UNDAF outcome level results with supporting result framework



Adaptation good start from local: Enhancing Gender Roles in Water Governance and Climate Change Adaptation at Sub-National Level



Women Talk on Air



A NECA Members of the NGO Forum on Cambodia (NGOF); Northeastern Rural Development (NRD) is a local NGO focused on developing rural areas and especially ethnic minority in Kratie Province.

NRD is very enjoying the benefits of 7 principles of the JPA. It helps them to respect the international standards with efficiency and equity manner. With the help of the guidelines from the JPA, it is easier to raise fund and to present their project to potential donors and their partners.

The principle A helps this organization use the knowledge of local communities and make sure they work with multiple stakeholders (sub-national government, academic sector, indigenous people...). They still need to improve the way they get in-

Principle D and E are well understood and implemented since the needs of communities and ecosystems and the resilience of most vulnerable people are included in their activities and promoted.

Evidentially; under collaboration from Provincial Department of Women's Affairs NRD has supported both financial and technical assistance through training workshops to Commune / Sangkat Councilors Members (In charge of Women and Children works) in 7 Communes (Kampong Cham, Sambor, Koh Khnhae, Sandann, Boeung Char, Wattanak and O'krieng).

As well NRD still has been supporting them to disseminate the gained knowledge on gender concept to community people and

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assist to develop the gender action plans and integrate into the Commune Investment Planning (CIP /CDP) respectively.

Furthermore, the 12 Saving for Change Groups in 5 pilot villages (Samphin, Yeav, Achen, Ton Soangthlak in Kampong Cham Commune and Koh Khnhae in O’Krieng Commune, Sambor District, Kratie Province) had been functioning well. Those women groups had been provided at least seven training courses per village.

Additionally; those trained women also have been encouraged and empowered to talk in public and on air. In total, there are 100 females from 20 villages in 7 target communes as mentioned above to talk out confidentially both in public and radio. Every week, at least a woman is going to be invited as a quest speaker/resource person in a radio live show at radio station of Women’s Community Voices based in Kratie Provincial. The themes are around women’s leadership and roles in water governance, community fishery, disaster management, climate change, rice banks, buffaloes’ banks, savings for change groups, and community development...etc.

Be informed that the Joint Principles for Adaptation (JPA) are a statement by civil

of Activities on DRR and CCA

Activities	Location		Level	Time	Beneficiaries	
	# Communities	# Village			Total	Female
Public Campaigns/ Awareness	7	27	Community	27	675	324
Weekly Radio Program	7	27	Provincial Radio	208	280	208
Round table discussion	7	27	Provincial Radio	25	125	25
Join working with PCDM create the contingency plan			Provincial Department	4		
Provide, Machine Boat and emergency material for natural disaster	7	18	Community	1	110	25

society organizations from across the world of what they consider to be a benchmark for good adaptation planning. They were developed in 2013 as a joint initiative by civil society networks working on climate change from Africa, Asia and Latin America, to promote effective and equitable adaptation to climate change and will be further revised as they are tested in more countries. They take the form of a set of seven principles, each with a subset of qualifying criteria.

JPA is a code of good practice for national adaptation planning ensuring that the needs of poor communities most vulnera-

ble to climate change are met and a tool to guide civil society advocacy and shape dialogue with government, facilitating learning between civil society networks in a joint process.

JPA have been applied in Cambodia through Southern Voice Programme that has been implemented by NGO and his CSO networks at the national and sub-national levels by providing the capacity building and awareness raising and mainstreaming among network members at meetings, training workshops and advocacy platform

Written by:

1. Mr. SAM Sovann, Executive Director, NRD and NGO Forum on Cambodia (NGOF) Member
 2. Mr. SEY Peou, Coordinator, Southern Voice on Adaptation, Cambodia and Climate Change Policy Monitoring Coordinator, NGO Forum in Cambodia
- For more about NRD: <http://www.nrdo.org/>



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Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Platform Meeting



On Friday, February 09, 2018, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) platform organized meeting among the members . There were 27 participants (17 women) who are the members of CSR platform and representative from NGOs, private sectors/company, agri-business company European Chambers of Commerce in Cambodia . Currently , CSR Platform members comprise 44 members which stated logo on CSR Platform website (<http://csrcambodia.org>). This meeting aims to introduce the history of CRS platform, to review in CSR program , to present CSR platform on strategic plan 2017-2018 , and discuss more on the road map to moving forward . Take this opportunity in meeting, along with the coordination plan of CSR platform event plan in 2018, Mr. Ouk Vannara , Deputy Executive Director of the NGOF shared calendar of NGOF event related to CSR Platform.

Ms. Natacha briefly presented about the CSR Platform and its Key Strategies for 2017-2018. In the context of sustained and rapid economic growth and business sector development, there is a need for all stakeholders, including Government, businesses, civil society organizations and other association, to uphold Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and Responsible Business Conduct (RBC) in Cambodia so Cambodians can enjoy a fair share of the wealth created.

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Open Budget Survey Launch Event



NGO Forum on Cambodia took part in the launch of the Open Budget Survey at the World Bank on January 31, an event hosted by International Budget Partnership in coordination with Oxfam America. There were several meetings that week before and after the launch event as below report.

Purpose of the meeting is to get to introduce and to know all participants who going to take part in OBS launching on 31st January 2018 and the following meeting as in agenda items of the partners trip. Mostly all partners applaud to IBP team that have done so much work to complete the OBS survey in time with mainly the specific result and ready to launch globally. IBP team thanks to all partners that make time to attend the global launching event and always be a great researcher in providing all sources of information and response calmly to IBP team on time. Without everyone effort there will not be a result in the OBS report.

International Budget Partnership made a press release on Amid Declining Public Trust in Government and Increasing Inequality, Progress toward Global budget transparency stalls for the first time in a decade.

Open Budget Survey 2017 shows 89 out of 115 countries fail to make sufficient budget information publicly available; International Budget Partnership says this failure undermines the ability of citizens worldwide to hold their government to account for managing public funds.

After 10 years of steady progress by countries, IBP says the OBS 2017 showed a modest decline in average global budget transparency scores, from 45 in 2015 to 43 in 2017 for 102 countries that were surveyed in both rounds (scores are out of a possible 100) Warren Krafchik, executive director of IBP, said, “The declines in budget transparency are worrisome against a global backdrop of rising inequality, restrictions on media and civic freedom, and a weakening of trust between citizens and their governments.”

Citizens of every country in the world have the right to know how their government is raising and spending public funds,” said Krafchik. “Citizens should also have opportunities to participate in budget making and oversight, which can lead more equitable budgets and efficient spending. The failure of most governments to involve the public in decision making or to explain their plans and budget weakens trust and undermines democracy.”

Decline in budget transparency were most dramatic in sub-Saharan Africa, where the average budget transparency scores fell by 11 points between 2015 and 2017. Other regions experienced small increases or small declines in their scores, with the exception of Asia, where the average score rose more substantially. A number of countries have experienced significant gains in transparency since they were first included in the survey, including Georgia, Jordan, Mexico and Senegal.

The OBS 2017 also revealed that most countries fail to provide meaningful opportunities for the public to participate in the budget process. The average global score is just 12 out of 100, with 111 countries having weak scores (lower than 41). Without opportunities for citizens’ active participation – particularly citizens from marginalized or vulnerable groups – budget system may only serve the interests of powerful elites.



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The structure and history of the CSR Platform since 2015 was explained, with a reported 50 members now, which will have to be confirmed by documentation. This 2018 will be a year of institutional building and governance strengthening.

Mrs. Sophia Areias, TI Cambodia presented the rationale, content and timeframe of the roadmap as follows:

- Develop a plan to register the platform as an association by the end of 2018 (so the platform can receive outside funding but also to raise funds from members).
- Organize an Executive Team, specifically tasked with drafting a registration plan and implementing that plan once it is agreed upon by CSR Platform members.
- Develop policies for governance and decision-making
- Presentation of the timeline with a hope to register with the Ministry of Interior by October 2018. Registration with the Ministry of Commerce was dismissed due to the non-profit nature of the platform. Any and all profits will be re-injected in the platform for the interest of the Members.



Asia and Asia Pacific's Civil Society Meeting



January 22-24, 2018: Busan Democracy Forum takes place in Busan, South Korea. The theme of the 2018 Busan Democracy Forum, co-organized by the Community of Democracies (CoD), Asia Development Alliance (ADA), and Asia Democracy Network (ADN) and 'the UN SDGs and Democracy'.

The forum's main aims are:

- To promote Goal 16 of the UN Agenda 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, as the enabler of all Sustainable Goals (SDGs) and discuss the inter-linkages with other Goals and Targets.
- To provide platform for a wide ranges of stakeholders to share experiences on advocacy initiatives, implementation, national level reporting and available tools for measuring the progress toward SDG 16 which is one of the global priorities at the UN High Level Political Forum (HLPF) in 2019.
- To refine the VNR guidelines and SDG 16 national indicators to be finalized soon for use by the CSOs preparing themselves for the VNR/CSO reporting and for those planning to monitor SDG 16 in their respective countries.

There were key notes from Key focal person such as: the representative from Korean Government, Presidents of Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA), representatives of Inter-governmental organizations, the representative of international CSOs and UN agency. (See the keynotes link). A-two day forum were divided as the thematic focuses:

1) Cross-cutting issues of SDGs (Breakout Session), while in this thematic area focused on Gender Inequality (Goal 5), Inequality (Goal 10), Global Citizenship Education (Goal 4) and Localizing SDGs and City (Goal 11). 2) SDG 17 selected target while the important sessions were breakout such as: Financing for Development (ODA), Capacity Building, Multi-Stakeholder Partnership and Data for the proofing the indicator. 3) On SDG 16 target 1. It focused on Peace and Violence, violence against children and protection, Rule of Law and Access to Justice and Anti-corruption and transparency and 4) on SDG 16 target II. The breakout sessions concentrated on Democratic decision-making and institution, Democratic global governance, fundamental freedoms and non-discrimination and access to information.

There were 4 NGO representatives from Cambodia invited to join the important forum: NGOF, CCC, API and WVC. Under the theme of promoting Peaceful, Justice and Inclusive societies in Asia and beyond, Mr. Keo Bunly, representative from The NGO Forum on Cambodia (NGOF), was invited to share the session on "Trend and the effectiveness of official Development Assistant (ODA) in the context of Cambodia effectiveness". In his key message, he illustrated about the context of Economic of Cambodia, the importance of ODA, priorities theme of ODA that Japan and Korea should consider for Cambodia and how CSOs in engagement in Addis Ababa Action Agenda (AAAA) .





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Training on Stakeholder Engagement and Gender Mainstreaming



On February 28, 2018 at Mekong 74, Mondulkiri Province, NGO Forum on Cambodia (NGOF), Gender and Community Development of Cambodia (GADC) and Voluntary Service Overseas (VSO) conducted the training on Stakeholder Engagement and Gender Mainstreaming in the Small Grant to the provincial CSO networks in Rattanakiri and Mondulakiri provinces. The main purposes of this training aims:

- Understand the key concept of stakeholder engagement, in particular related to advocacy and social inclusion
- Share the experience in developing stakeholder development and gender mainstreaming
- Raise the strategic for attracting the relevant stakeholders There were 18 participants attending the training (04 women) came from the network in Rattanakiri and Mondulakiri province.



Launching Research Report on Small Landholder Farmer and Agribusiness



The NGO Forum on Cambodia launched research report on Small Landholder Farmer and Agribusiness on February 22, 2018 at Himawarri Hotel, Phnom Penh, Cambodia. There were 150 participants which including government institutions, donors, network members, representatives of the private sector, the media and independent consultant.

Dr. Tek Vannara, Executive Director of NGOF, the NGOF organized the launching to outreach the report for being officially used and shared to all stakeholders. The report was initiated by Network for Development of Food Security and Safety in Cambodia (NDF-C) of NGOF. The study has following objectives: (1) To identify good practices and lesson learnt among private agribusiness companies in supporting small landholder farmers especially women, (2) To understand the impact of responsible agriculture investment executed by agri-business companies on small landholder farmers, particularly female farmers and determine the policy implication, (3) To understand how agriculture responsibility and corporate social responsibility are implicated and translated into law and legal instruments in Cambodia, (4) To draw policy priorities and recommendations to support men and women as small landholders in responsible agriculture investment and CSR practices.

Mr. Heang Saravorn, independent consultant of Creative Advisors presented the research results as below:

- The research report started in early 2016 and ended in March 2017. The study used quality and quantitative methods by interviewing with key informants such as representatives of rice exporters (kasekam rung roeung, vegetable market, palm sugar, green eagle, Loas Thmey, Mong Rethy, representatives of Ministry of Commerce, Rural Development Bank, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery and farmers who cooperated with six companies in Kampong Speu, Preah Vihear, Kampong Chhnang, Kandal, Take and Kampot.

- The study produced 6 case studies with 5 different contract farming business models such as (1) Centralized model, (2) Nucleus estate model, (3) Multipartite model, (4) Informal model, and (5) Intermediary model. The result showed that:

- Contract farming had two benefits, especially for long-term projects that provide confidence between farmers and buyers.
- Poor farmers and small landholder farmers benefited from the contract farming.
- The company had faced considerable costs for monitoring and evaluating the process.
- Government policy focused on strengthening agricultural promotion and increasing contract farming, but it did not show a good models which fit for farmers.
- The contract farming would value agricultural products, reducing production costs, increasing economic growth for farmers.
- Farmers could get good agricultural products and markets, but not all. In the case of Angkor Kasekam Rung Roeung, some farmers had sold in low price because of a lack of market price information.
- Women were involved more than another in contract farming (for details of the study, please click the links (http://www.ngoforum.org.kh/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/Layout-Small-Landholder_Kh.pdf).



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ON THE MEDIA



Topic: Sectors promote the trend of small-scale farming for farmers

Source: WMC

Date: 22 February 2018

Speakers: Dr. TEK Vannara

Read more at: <https://www.wmc.org.kh/វិស័យពាក់ព័ន្ធជំរុញនិរ/>

Other sources related:

- VOD

<http://vodhotnews.com/22/02/2018/farmers-express-their-concerns-over-high-interest-loan/>

- AKP

<http://www.akp.gov.kh/kh/?p=217514>

- Khmer Times

<http://www.khmertimeskh.com/50110165/study-finds-best-contract-farming-models-cambodia/>

- DAP News

<https://www.dap-news.com/kh/ព័ត៌មានក្នុងប្រទេស/65157.html>

UPCOMING EVENTS/HOLIDAYS 2018

08 Mar

International Women Day

23 Mar

Workshop on Development Effectiveness

27 Mar

Open Budget Survey

29 Mar

Campaign on Food Safety

30 Mar

Press Conference on Suggestion of People from the Mekong River

14-15-16 Apr

Khmer New Year Day

02-03 April

MRC International Conference & 3rd MRC Summit



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THANK YOU!

The NGO Forum on Cambodia would like to thanks to our local and international donors that always support our good causes missions to support Cambodians in need.

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